(TRANSLATION FOR REFERENCE ONLY)

Consolidated Financial Results

for the Third Quarter of the Fiscal Year Ending March 31, 2010

February 9, 2010

Company Name:	GLORY LTD.	Stock Exchange Listings:	Tokyo and Osaka (1st Sections)
Code Number:	6457	URL:	http://www.glory.co.jp/
Representative:	Hideto Nishino	President & Representative Director	
Contact Person:	Osamu Tanaka	Managing Executive Officer / General Manager, Accounting Division	
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Scheduled filing date of Quarterly Securities Report: February 12, 2010

Scheduled date of dividend payments: —

(Amounts less than one million yen are rounded downward)

1. Consolidated financial results for the third quarter ended December 31, 2009 (April 1, 2009 to December 31, 2009)

(1) Consolidated Operating Results

(The percentages show the increase or decrease from the corresponding quarter of the previous year)

	Net sales		Operating income		Ordinary income	
	(millions of yen)	(%)	(millions of yen)	(%)	(millions of yen)	(%)
Nine months ended December 31, 2009	96,320	−11.7	5,185	−42.0	6,359	−27.0
Nine months ended December 31, 2008	109,045	—	8,940	—	8,709	—

	Net income		Net income per share	Fully diluted net income per share
	(millions of yen)	(%)	(yen)	(yen)
Nine months ended December 31, 2009	3,626	−36.0	53.56	—
Nine months ended December 31, 2008	5,667	—	79.73	—

(2) Consolidated Financial Position

	Total assets	Net assets	Ownership equity ratio	Net assets per share
	(millions of yen)	(millions of yen)	(%)	(yen)
As of December 31, 2009	192,544	143,656	74.6	2,186.91
As of March 31, 2009	196,797	147,176	74.8	2,155.17

(Reference) Ownership equity

As of December 31, 2009: 143,656 million yen　　As of March 31, 2009: 147,176 million yen

2. Dividends

	Dividends per share				
(Record date)	First quarter	Second quarter	Third quarter	Year-end	Annual
	(yen)	(yen)	(yen)	(yen)	(yen)
Year ended March 31, 2009	—	15.00	—	15.00	30.00
Year ending March 31, 2010	—	16.00	—		
Year ending March 31, 2010 (forecast)				17.00	33.00

(Note) Revisions to the dividend forecast in the current quarter: None

3．Consolidated financial forecast for the year ending March 31, 2010 (April 1, 2009 to March 31, 2010)

(The percentages show the increase or decrease from the corresponding period of the previous year)

	Net sales		Operating income		Ordinary income		Net income		Net income per share
	(millions of yen)	(%)	(millions of yen)	(%)	(millions of yen)	(%)	(millions of yen)	(%)	(yen)
Full Year	130,000	−10.9	6,000	−36.4	7,500	−19.4	4,500	−22.2	66.95

(Note) Revisions to consolidated financial forecast in the current quarter: None

4．Other

（1）Changes in significant subsidiaries during the period (changes in specified subsidiaries involving a change in the scope of consolidation): None

（2）Adoption of simplified accounting methods and accounting methods specific to preparation of the quarterly consolidated financial statements: Yes

(Note) Please refer to “4. Other Information” of [Qualitative Information and Financial Statements, etc.] on pages 5 and 6 for details.

（3）Changes in accounting principles, procedures, presentation methods, etc. for preparation of the quarterly consolidated financial statements.

(a) Changes associated with revision of accounting standards, etc.: Yes

(b) Changes other than (a): None

(Note) Please refer to “4. Other Information” of [Qualitative Information and Financial Statements, etc.] on pages 5 and 6 for details.

（4）Number of shares issued and outstanding (common stock)

(a) Number of shares issued at the end of the period (including treasury stock)

As of December 31, 2009: 69,838,210 shares

As of March 31, 2009: 69,838,210 shares

(b) Number of treasury stock at the end of the period

As of December 31, 2009: 4,149,024 shares

As of March 31, 2009: 1,548,504 shares

(c) Average number of shares

Nine months ended December 31, 2009: 67,712,697shares

Nine months ended December 31, 2008: 71,075,167 shares

(Note) Explanation regarding the appropriate use of financial forecasts and other special items

The above forecasts have been prepared based on information available as of the date of this report. Actual results may differ greatly from these forecasts due to various present and future factors. For the assumptions and other related matters concerning the financial forecasts, please refer to “3. Qualitative Information on the Consolidated Financial Forecast” of [Qualitative Information and Financial Statements, etc.] on page 5

[Qualitative Information and Financial Statements, etc.]

1. Qualitative Information on the Consolidated Operating Results

During the nine-month period ended December 31, 2009 (April 1, 2009 to December 31, 2009), there began to be the sense that the worldwide economic recession due to the widespread financial crisis had bottomed out, and partial signs of recovery such as reductions in the extent of corporate revenue decreases were seen. However, the employment situation remained severe and with rising concern about deflation, the outlook for the economy remains uncertain.

In such circumstances, in the first year of our "2011 Medium-term Management Plan," under the basic medium-term management policy of "Capitalize on new business opportunities with a global vision and accelerate to a period of new growth!" the GLORY Group ("Group") has striven to reinforce its business competitiveness, and carried out thorough efficiency improvements and streamlining of operations across the board in order to deal quickly with rapid changes in the business environment, thus promoting the building of a more robust corporate culture.

Nonetheless, in the nine-month period, despite favorable sales of equipment to the amusement market, the Group's primary markets; the financial and retail markets were sluggish. The overseas market was also impacted by the deteriorating world economy, resulting in an extremely cautious stance toward business investment. This resulted in sluggish sales in general for the Group, and sales were down compared to the same period last year. Despite our structural reforms, cost cutting efforts and restrained equipment expenditures to weather the severe business environment, operating income was down compared to the same prior year period.

As a result, net sales for the nine-month period were ¥96,320 million (down 11.7% year-on-year). Out of this, sales of merchandise and finished goods were ¥72,753 million (down 14.4% year-on-year), and sales of maintenance services were ¥23,566 million (down 2.0% year-on-year). Meanwhile, overseas sales were ¥19,145 million (down 24.5% year-on-year). As for income, as a result of the decrease in net sales, operating income was ¥5,185 million (down 42.0% year-on-year), ordinary income was ¥6,359 million (down 27.0% year-on-year), and net income for the six-month period was ¥3,626 million (down 36.0% year-on-year).

Outline by Industry Segment

Net sales viewed on an industry segment basis were as follows.

[Money handling machines and cash management systems]

The primary markets for this segment are the "financial market," the "overseas market" and the "retail market."

In the financial market, because of the need to tighten up and improve operational efficiency, sales of our main product, the open teller system, were successful. However, sales of OEM banknote and coin recyclers were drastically down year on year.

In overseas markets as well, the trend toward restrained business investment increased, and sales of OEM banknote depositing units for ATMs, banknote recyclers and banknote sorters decreased significantly.

In the retail market, sales were favorable for small-sized cash management machines for railway ticket counters and OEM sales proceeds deposit machines for armored transport companies. However, sales of cash recyclers for cashiers and small-sized deposit machines, our main products in this market, were sluggish due to restrained new store openings from the impact of deteriorating corporate performance in the retail industry sector overall.

As a result, net sales for this segment, including net sales for other markets, were ¥55,509 million (down 13.7% year-on-year). Operating income was ¥1,443 million (down 73.1% year-on-year).

[Vending machines and automatic service equipment]

The primary markets for this segment are the "vending machine market" and the "amusement market," as well as the financial market and the retail market.

In the vending machine market, cigarette purchases shifted from vending machines to store counter sales, and demand for cigarette vending machines declined dramatically.

The amusement market has been revitalized by trends in the pachinko industry, with parlor operators seeking to attract customers by installing popular game machines and cutting ball rentals to reduce playing costs. As a result, sales of pre-paid card systems were favorable. The acquisition of CREATION CARD CO., LTD. in August 2008, also contributed to improved results in the amusement market.

As a result, net sales of this segment, including net sales for other markets, amounted to ¥28,719 million (up 1.2% year-on-year). Operating income was ¥2,879 million (up 53.8% year-on-year).

[Other goods and products]

This segment includes products other than those in the above primary segments, as well as products and supplies purchased from companies outside the Group. Due to a decrease of security-related products such as key box systems, sales for this segment decreased compared to the same prior year period.

As a result, net sales for this segment were ¥12,091 million (down 25.9% year-on-year). Operating income was ¥833 million (down 50.8% year-on-year).

The operating income amounts for each segment are before elimination of unrealized gains, etc. related to internal transfers of noncurrent assets.

Performance by geographic segment was as follows.

Net sales in Japan were ¥86,001 million (down 4.0% year-on-year), and operating income was ¥5,008 million (down 41.8% year-on-year). Net sales in the Americas were ¥3,107 million (down 21.6% year-on-year) and operating loss was ¥89 million (operating income of ¥84 million for the same prior year period). In Europe, net sales were ¥5,708 million (down 60.5% year-on-year) and the operating loss was ¥80 million (operating income of ¥176 million for the same prior year period). In Asia, net sales were ¥1,503 million (up 46.1% year-on-year) and operating income was ¥348 million (up 409.0% year-on-year).

The above amounts do not include consumption taxes.

2. Qualitative Information on the Consolidated Financial Position

Total assets at the end of the third quarter was ¥192,544 million, a decrease of ¥4,253 million compared with the end of the prior consolidated fiscal year.

Liabilities were ¥48,887 million, a decrease of ¥733 million compared with the end of the prior consolidated fiscal year.

Net assets of the Group were ¥143,656 million, an increase of ¥3,519 million compared with the end of the prior consolidated fiscal year.

Net cash provided by operating activities was ¥11,009 million, primarily due to income before income taxes (¥6,098 million), depreciation and amortization (¥5,939 million).

Net cash provided by investing activities was ¥6,206 million, primarily due to proceeds from withdrawal of time deposits (¥5,124 million), proceeds from sales and redemptions of investment securities (¥6,037 million) offset by disbursements for purchases of property, plant and equipment (¥3,378 million). The purchased property, plant and equipment primarily consisted of molds and tools related to the manufacturing of products. Net cash used in financing activities was ¥7,834 million, primarily due to dividend payments (¥2,096 million), purchase of treasury stock (¥5,226 million). As a result, cash and cash equivalents as of the end of this quarter were 53,084 million, an increase of ¥10,085 million compared to the prior consolidated fiscal year end, and an increase of ¥13,764 million compared to the same prior year quarter end.

3. Qualitative Information on the Consolidated Financial Forecast

The severe economic environment is forecasted to continue due to the economic slump brought about by the worldwide financial crisis and in addition, concern over deflation, leading to a cautious stance in the retail market including the financial market and others regarding capital investments. We will nevertheless keep striving to achieve our plan.

There are no changes to the consolidated financial forecast previously announced on November 10, 2009.

4. Other Information

(1) Changes in significant subsidiaries during the period (changes in specified subsidiaries involving a change in the scope of consolidation):

None

(2) Adoption of simplified accounting methods and accounting methods specific to preparation of the

quarterly consolidated financial statements.

(i) Simplified accounting methods

1) Calculation method for estimating bad debt of general receivables

The bad debt ratio at the end of this third quarter was recognized not to differ significantly from the ratio calculated at the end of the prior fiscal year. Accordingly, the estimated bad debt amount for the quarter was calculated using the historical rate of bad debt at the end of the prior fiscal year.

2) Inventory valuation method

A physical inventory count was omitted at the end of this third quarter. Inventories were primarily calculated using a rational method based on the physical inventory count at the end of the prior fiscal year.

As for write-downs of inventory carrying values, net sales values were estimated and carrying values written down, only for inventories clearly having decreased profitability.

3) Calculation method for deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities

For assessment of the recoverability of deferred tax assets, no significant changes in the business environment and the status of temporary differences, etc. were deemed to have occurred and accordingly, the projections of future financial results and tax planning used at the end of the prior fiscal year were utilized.

(ii) Accounting methods specific to preparation of the quarterly consolidated financial statements

Tax expense is calculated by rationally estimating the effective tax rate after application of tax-effect accounting to income before income taxes for the consolidated fiscal year including this cumulative third quarter, and then multiplying the income before income taxes for the third quarter by the estimated effective tax rate.

Deferred income taxes are included and presented in “income taxes.”

(3) Changes in accounting principles, procedures, presentation methods, etc. for preparation of the quarterly consolidated financial statements

Application of Accounting Standard for Construction Contracts, etc.

Beginning with this first quarter, the Accounting Standard for Construction Contracts (ASBJ Statement No. 15, December 27, 2007) and Guidance on Accounting Standard for Construction Contracts (ASBJ Guidance No. 18, December 27, 2007) were applied.

There was no impact on sales and income as a result of this application.

5. Quarterly Consolidated Financial Statements

(1) Quarterly Consolidated Balance Sheets

(Millions of yen)

	Current Third Quarter (As of December 31, 2009)	Prior Fiscal Year (As of March 31, 2009) (Condensed)
ASSETS		
CURRENT ASSETS:		
Cash and deposits	38,062	40,609
Notes and accounts receivable-trade	30,295	31,534
Short-term investment securities	17,939	13,188
Merchandise and finished goods	14,284	14,380
Work in process	7,188	4,911
Raw materials and supplies	5,139	4,998
Other	10,514	12,937
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(431)	(592)
Total current assets	122,993	121,968
NONCURRENT ASSETS:		
PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT:		
Net property, plant and equipment	36,244	37,478
INTANGIBLE ASSETS:		
Goodwill	2,894	3,535
Other	3,370	3,886
Total intangible assets	6,265	7,421
INVESTMENTS AND OTHER ASSETS:		
Investment securities	13,762	15,569
Other	15,745	16,804
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(2,466)	(2,444)
Total investment and other assets	27,040	29,929
Total noncurrent assets	69,550	74,829
TOTAL ASSETS	192,544	196,797

(Millions of yen)

	Current Third Quarter (As of December 31, 2009)	Prior Fiscal Year (As of March 31, 2009) (Condensed)
LIABILITIES		
CURRENT LIABILITIES:		
Notes and accounts payable-trade	14,079	15,138
Short-term loans payable	11,404	11,872
Income taxes payable	1,347	246
Provision for bonuses	1,859	3,552
Other	11,901	10,985
Total current liabilities	40,592	41,796
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES:		
Provision for retirement benefits	3,121	2,960
Other	5,174	4,864
Total noncurrent liabilities	8,295	7,825
TOTAL LIABILITIES	48,887	49,621
NET ASSETS:		
Shareholders' equity:		
Capital stock	12,892	12,892
Capital surplus	20,629	20,629
Retained earnings	119,129	117,068
Treasury stock	(8,178)	(2,951)
Total shareholders' equity	144,474	147,640
VALUATION AND TRANSLATION ADJUSTMENTS :		
Valuation difference on available-for-sale securities	(211)	(12)
Foreign currency translation adjustments	(606)	(451)
Total valuation and translation adjustments	(817)	(463)
TOTAL NET ASSETS	143,656	147,176
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	192,544	196,797

(2) Quarterly Consolidated Statements of Income
Nine months ended December 31, 2009

(Millions of yen)

	Nine months ended December 31, 2008 (April 1, 2008 to December 31, 2008)	Nine months ended December 31, 2009 (April 1, 2009 to December 31, 2009)
NET SALES	109,045	96,320
COST OF SALES	68,391	61,751
Gross profit	40,653	34,569
SELLING, GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES	31,713	29,383
Operating income	8,940	5,185
NON-OPERATING INCOME:		
Interest income	383	278
Dividend income	267	217
Insurance return	—	487
Other	445	440
Non-operating income-net	1,096	1,424
NON-OPERATING EXPENSES:		
Interest expense	233	151
Foreign exchange losses	990	—
Other	103	98
Non-operating expenses-net	1,327	250
Ordinary income	8,709	6,359
EXTRAORDINARY INCOME:		
Gain on sale of investment securities	—	232
Reversal of allowance for doubtful accounts	49	87
Insurance premiums refunded cancellation	365	—
Other	61	132
Total extraordinary income	476	452
EXTRAORDINARY LOSS:		
Loss on retirement of noncurrent assets	189	192
Loss on valuation of investment securities	215	263
Other	74	256
Total extraordinary loss	479	712
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES	8,705	6,098
INCOME TAXES	2,998	2,472
MINORITY INTERESTS IN INCOME	40	—
NET INCOME FOR THE PERIOD	5,667	3,626

(3) Quarterly Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

(Millions of yen)

	Nine months ended December 31, 2008 (April 1, 2008 to December 31, 2008)	Nine months ended December 31, 2009 (April 1, 2009 to December 31, 2009)
OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Income before income taxes and minority interests	8,705	6,098
Depreciation and amortization	5,506	5,936
Interest and dividend income	(650)	(496)
Interest expense	233	151
Increase (decrease) in provision for bonuses	(3,514)	(1,688)
Decrease (increase) in notes and accounts receivable-trade	(3,065)	1,230
Decrease (increase) in inventories	(3,741)	(1,868)
Increase (decrease) in notes and accounts payable-trade	3,994	(1,403)
Other	(2,196)	1,314
Subtotal	5,271	9,278
Interest and dividend income received	662	507
Interest expense paid	(233)	(148)
Income taxes (paid) refund	(9,390)	1,371
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	(3,690)	11,009
INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Payments into time deposits	—	(724)
Proceeds from withdrawal of time deposits	—	5,124
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(4,837)	(3,378)
Purchase of intangible assets	(1,267)	(290)
Purchase of investment securities	(756)	(604)
Proceeds from sales and redemption of investment securities	—	6,037
Purchase of investments in subsidiaries resulting in change in scope of consolidation	(4,215)	—
Purchase of investments in subsidiaries	(613)	—
Purchase of assigned receivables	(1,820)	—
Other	158	43
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(13,352)	6,206
FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Net increase (decrease) in short-term loans payable	(31)	(98)
Repayments of long-term debt	(531)	(412)
Purchase of treasury stock	(5,756)	(5,226)
Cash dividends paid	(2,897)	(2,096)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(9,217)	(7,834)

(Millions of yen)

	Nine months ended December 31, 2008 (April 1, 2008 to December 31, 2008)	Nine months ended December 31, 2009 (April 1, 2009 to December 31, 2009)
EFFECT OF EXCHANGE RATE CHANGE ON CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(532)	54
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(26,792)	9,436
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF PERIOD	66,111	42,998
INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS FROM NEWLY CONSOLIDATED SUBSIDIARIES	—	648
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF PERIOD	39,319	53,084

(4) Notes relating to assumption as a going concern

Not applicable.

(5) Segment information

[Industry segment information]

Nine months ended December 31, 2008 (April 1, 2008 to December 31, 2008)

(Millions of yen)

	Money handling machines and cash management systems	Vending machines and automatic service equipment	Other goods and products	Total	Eliminations / Corporate	Consolidated
Net sales						
(1) Sales to external customers	64,343	28,374	16,327	109,045	—	109,045
(2) Intersegment sales or transfers	—	—	4,340	4,340	(4,340)	—
Total	64,343	28,374	20,668	113,386	(4,340)	109,045
Operating income	5,369	1,872	1,694	8,936	4	8,940

Nine months ended December 31, 2009 (April 1, 2009 to December 31, 2009)

(Millions of yen)

	Money handling machines and cash management systems	Vending machines and automatic service equipment	Other goods and products	Total	Eliminations / Corporate	Consolidated
Net sales						
(1) Sales to external customers	55,509	28,719	12,091	96,320	—	96,320
(2) Intersegment sales or transfers	—	—	3,666	3,666	(3,666)	—
Total	55,509	28,719	15,758	99,987	(3,666)	96,320
Operating income	1,443	2,879	833	5,155	30	5,185

Notes: 1. Industry segments are classified by the functional nature of the goods and products.

2. Primary merchandise and finished goods for the respective industry segments are as follows.

Money handling machines and cash management systems:

Open teller system, coin wrapper, banknote and coin recyclers, automatic deposit machines, cash recyclers for cashiers, banknote depositing machines, banknote deposit module, banknote sorter, banknote recyclers, RFID self-check out systems for cafeterias, medical payment kiosks, automated ballot counting machines for handwritten ballots

Vending machines and automatic service equipment:

Cigarette vending machines, coin-operated lockers, ticket vending machines, prepaid card vending machines, pachinko prize dispensing machines, pachinko ball/token dispensing machines, pachinko ball/token counting machines, banknote exchange machines, membership management systems for pachinko parlors, self-service contract machines

Other goods and products:

Automatic accepting systems for bank counters, interest-rate display boards, key box systems, other maintenance parts

3. Changes in accounting policies

(Nine months ended December 31, 2008)

Accounting Standard for Measurement of Inventories

As stated in "4. Other Information" (3) of [Qualitative Information and Financial Statements, etc.] in the text of the "Consolidated Financial Results for the Second Quarter of the Fiscal Year Ending March 31, 2009," the "Accounting Standard for Measurement of Inventories" (ASBJ Statement No. 9, July 5, 2006) was applied beginning in the first quarter ended June 30, 2008.

As a result of this change, compared with the hypothetical use of the previous method, operating income decreased by ¥343 million for "money handling machines and cash management systems," by ¥103 million for "vending machines and automatic service equipment," and by ¥43 million for "other goods and products," respectively.

4. Additional information

(Nine months ended December 31, 2008)

Change of useful lives of property, plant and equipment

The useful lives of machinery of the Company and its domestic consolidated subsidiaries previously ranged from 4 to 12 years. Beginning in the first quarter ended June 30, 2008, these lives were changed to a range of 7 to 10 years, as a result of reviews of asset usage status, etc., based on revisions of the Corporation Tax Law in FY2008.

As a result of this change, operating income decreased by ¥53 million for “money handling machines and cash management systems,” by ¥74 million for “vending machines and automatic service equipment,” and by ¥0 million for “other goods and products,” respectively.

[Geographic segment information]

Nine months ended December 31, 2008 (April 1, 2008 to December 31, 2008)

(Millions of yen)

	Japan	Americas	Europe	Asia/Oceania	Total	Eliminations / Corporate	Consolidated
Net sales (1) Sales to external customers	89,617	3,961	14,436	1,028	109,045	—	109,045
(2) Intersegment sales or transfers	16,127	0	2	471	16,602	(16,602)	—
Total	105,745	3,962	14,439	1,500	125,647	(16,602)	109,045
Operating income	8,611	84	176	68	8,940	—	8,940

Nine months ended December 31, 2009 (April 1, 2009 to December 31, 2009)

(Millions of yen)

	Japan	Americas	Europe	Asia/Oceania	Total	Eliminations / Corporate	Consolidated
Net sales (1) Sales to external customers	86,001	3,107	5,708	1,503	96,320	—	96,320
(2) Intersegment sales or transfers	4,183	1	94	1,915	6,195	(6,195)	—
Total	90,185	3,108	5,803	3,418	102,515	(6,195)	96,320
Operating income (or operating loss)	5,008	(89)	(80)	348	5,185	—	5,185

Notes: 1. Countries and regions are classified by geographic proximity.

2. Major countries and regions affiliated with the respective segments

Americas	United States, Canada, Central and South American countries
Europe	European countries, Middle-eastern and African countries
Asia/Oceania	East Asian and Southeast Asian countries, Oceania countries

[Overseas sales]

Nine months ended December 31, 2008 (April 1, 2008 to December 31, 2008)

(Millions of yen)

	Americas	Europe	Asia/Oceania	Total
Ⅰ Overseas sales	6,752	16,161	2,457	25,371
Ⅱ Consolidated net sales				109,045
Ⅲ Overseas sales as a percentage of consolidated net sales (%)	6.2	14.8	2.3	23.3

Nine months ended December 31, 2009 (April 1, 2009 to December 31, 2009)

(Millions of yen)

	Americas	Europe	Asia/Oceania	Total
Ⅰ Overseas sales	5,951	10,421	2,772	19,145
Ⅱ Consolidated net sales				96,320
Ⅲ Overseas sales as a percentage of consolidated net sales (%)	6.2	10.8	2.9	19.9

Notes: 1. Countries and regions are classified by geographic proximity.

2. Major countries and regions classified in each segment

Americas	United States, Canada, Central and South American countries
Europe	European countries, Middle-Eastern and African countries
Asia/Oceania	East Asian and Southeast Asian countries, Oceania countries

3. "Overseas sales" are net sales by the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries in countries or regions other than Japan.

(6) Note for significant change in the amount of shareholders' equity

In accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors, the Company acquired 2,600,000 shares of its own stock in November 2009. As a result, treasury stock increased by 5,226 million yen during the nine months ended December 31, 2009. Total treasury stock was 8,178 million yen as of the third quarter ended December 31, 2009.