(TRANSLATION FOR REFERENCE ONLY)

Consolidated Financial Results

for the Second Quarter of the Fiscal Year Ending March 31, 2010

November 10, 2009

Company Name:	GLORY LTD.	Stock exchange listings:	Tokyo and Osaka (1st Sections)
Code Number:	6457	URL:	http://www.glory.co.jp/

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Scheduled date of dividend payments: December 4, 2009

(Amounts less than one million yen are rounded downward)

1. Consolidated financial results for the second quarter ended September 30, 2009 (April 1, 2009 to September 30, 2009)

(1) Consolidated Operating Results

(The percentages show the increase or decrease from the corresponding quarter of the previous year)

	Net sales		Operating income		Ordinary income	
	(millions of yen)	(%)	(millions of yen)	(%)	(millions of yen)	(%)
Six months ended September 30, 2009	64,139	−14.3	2,643	−61.4	3,767	−48.0
Six months ended September 30, 2008	74,822	—	6,848	—	7,246	—

	Net income		Net income per share	Fully diluted net income per share
	(millions of yen)	(%)	(yen)	(yen)
Six months ended September 30, 2009	2,223	−52.3	32.56	—
Six months ended September 30, 2008	4,661	—	65.06	—

(2) Consolidated Financial Position

	Total assets	Net assets	Ownership equity ratio	Net assets per share
	(millions of yen)	(millions of yen)	(%)	(yen)
As of September 30, 2009	194,481	148,682	76.5	2,177.25
As of March 31, 2009	196,797	147,176	74.8	2,155.17

(Reference) Ownership equity

As of September 30, 2009: 148,682 million yen As of March 31, 2009: 147,176 million yen

2. Dividends

	Dividends per share				
(Record date)	First quarter	Second quarter	Third quarter	Year-end	Annual
	(yen)	(yen)	(yen)	(yen)	(yen)
Year ended March 31, 2009	—	15.00	—	15.00	30.00
Year ending March 31, 2010	—	16.00			
Year ending March 31, 2010 (forecast)			—	17.00	33.00

(Note) Revisions to the dividend forecast in the current quarter: None

3．Consolidated financial forecast for the year ending March 31, 2010 (April 1, 2009 to March 31, 2010)

(The percentages show the increase or decrease from the corresponding period of the previous year)

	Net sales		Operating income		Ordinary income		Net income		Net income per share
	(millions of yen)	(%)	(millions of yen)	(%)	(millions of yen)	(%)	(millions of yen)	(%)	(yen)
Full Year	130,000	−10.9	6,000	−36.4	7,500	−19.4	4,500	−22.2	65.90

(Note) Revisions to consolidated financial forecast in the current quarter: None

4．Other

（1）Changes in significant subsidiaries during the period (changes in specified subsidiaries involving a change in the scope of consolidation): None

（2）Adoption of simplified accounting methods and accounting methods specific to preparation of the quarterly consolidated financial statements: Yes

(Note) Please refer to “4. Other Information” of [Qualitative Information and Financial Statements, etc.] on pages 6 and 7 for details.

（3）Changes in accounting principles, procedures, presentation methods, etc. for preparation of the quarterly consolidated financial statements.

(a) Changes associated with revision of accounting standards, etc.: Yes

(b) Changes other than (a): None

(Note) Please refer to “4. Other Information” of [Qualitative Information and Financial Statements, etc.] on page 7 for details.

（4）Number of shares issued and outstanding (common stock)

(a) Number of shares issued at the end of the period (including treasury stock)

As of September 30, 2009: 69,838,210 shares

As of March 31, 2009: 69,838,210 shares

(b) Number of treasury shares at the end of the period

As of September 30, 2009: 1,548,814 shares

As of March 31, 2009: 1,548,504 shares

(c) Average number of shares

Six months ended September 30, 2009: 68,289,492 shares

Six months ended September 30, 2008: 71,649,883 shares

(Note) Explanation regarding the appropriate use of financial forecasts and other special items

The above forecasts have been prepared based on information available as of the date of this report. Actual results may differ greatly from these forecasts due to various present and future factors. For the assumptions and other related matters concerning the financial forecasts, please refer to “3. Qualitative Information on the Consolidated Financial Forecast” of [Qualitative Information and Financial Statements, etc.] on page 6.

[Qualitative Information and Financial Statements, etc.]

1. Qualitative Information on the Consolidated Operating Results

During the six-month period ended September 30, 2009 (April 1, 2009 to September 30, 2009), although there were signs that the worldwide recession caused by the spreading financial crisis had bottomed out, both corporate results and the employment situation remained severe in the Japanese economy. The outlook for the economy remained uncertain, with a continuing trend of restrained business investment and sluggish consumer spending.

In such circumstances, in the first year of our "2011 Medium-term Management Plan," under the basic medium-term management policy of "Capitalize on new business opportunities with a global vision and accelerate to a period of new growth!" the GLORY Group ("Group") has striven to reinforce its business competitiveness, and carried out thorough efficiency improvements and streamlining of operations across the board in order to deal quickly with rapid changes in the business environment, thus promoting the building of a more robust corporate culture.

Nonetheless, in the six-month period, despite favorable sales of equipment to the amusement market, the Group's primary markets; the financial and retail markets were sluggish. The overseas market was also impacted by the deteriorating world economy, resulting in an extremely cautious stance toward business investment. This resulted in sluggish sales in general for the Group, and sales were down compared to the same period last year. Despite our cost cutting efforts and restrained equipment expenditures to weather the severe business environment, operating income was down compared to the same prior year period.

As a result, net sales for the six-month period were ¥64,139 million (down 14.3% year-on-year). Out of this, sales of merchandise and finished goods were ¥48,495 million (down 17.0% year-on-year), and sales of maintenance services were ¥15,644 million (down 4.5% year-on-year). Meanwhile, overseas sales were ¥13,062 million (down 27.5% year-on-year). As for income, as a result of the decrease in net sales, operating income was ¥2,643 million (down 61.4% year-on-year), ordinary income was ¥3,767 million (down 48.0% year-on-year), and net income for the six-month period was ¥2,223 million (down 52.3% year-on-year).

Outline by Business Segment

Net sales viewed on a business segment basis were as follows.

[Money handling machines and cash management systems]

The primary markets for this segment are the "financial market," the "overseas market" and the "retail market."

In the financial market, although there is still a strong need to tighten up and improve operational efficiency, sales of OEM banknote/coin depositing and dispensing units were sluggish, compared with the same prior year period, due to restrained business investments as a result of the financial crisis, and other reasons.

In overseas markets as well, the trend toward restrained business investment increased, and sales of OEM product banknote depositing units for ATMs, banknote depositing and dispensing machines and banknote sorting machines decreased significantly.

In the retail market, sales of cash recyclers for cashiers and small-sized depositing machines, our primary products in this market, were sluggish due to restrained new store openings from the impact of deteriorating corporate performance in the retail industry sector overall, as a result of sluggish consumer spending.

As a result, net sales for this segment, including net sales for other markets, were ¥37,665 million (down 16.3% year-on-year). Operating income was ¥636 million (down 87.1% year-on-year).

[Vending machines and automatic service equipment]

The primary markets for this segment are the "vending machine market" and the "amusement market," as well as the financial market and the retail market.

In the vending machine market, demand for cigarette vending machines with an adult identification function subsided in the prior year first quarter as cigarette purchases shifted from vending machines to store counter sales, and demand for cigarette vending machines declined dramatically.

The amusement market showed signs of activity as a result of the introduction of popular amusement machines and the spreading of lower-cost ball operations, which keeps play fees in pachinko parlors lower than with the ordinary type. As a result, sales of pre-paid card systems were favorable. The acquisition of CREATION CARD CO., LTD. in August 2008, also contributed to improved results in the amusement market.

As a result, net sales of this segment, including net sales for other markets, amounted to ¥17,599 million (down 3.7% year-on-year). Operating income was ¥1,628 million (up 70.2% year-on-year).

[Other goods and products]

This segment includes products other than those in the above primary segments, as well as products and supplies purchased from companies outside the Group. Due to a decrease of security-related products such as key box systems, sales for this segment decreased compared to the same prior year period.

As a result, net sales for this segment were ¥8,875 million (down 23.1% year-on-year). Operating income was ¥348 million (down 64.0% year-on-year).

The operating income amounts for each segment are before elimination of unrealized gains, etc. related to internal transfers of noncurrent assets.

Performance by geographical segment was as follows.

Net sales in Japan were ¥56,761 million (down 7.1% year-on-year), and operating income was ¥2,564 million (down 60.3% year-on-year). Net sales in the Americas were ¥2,049 million (down 38.4% year-on-year) and operating loss was ¥87 million (operating income of ¥167 million for the same prior year period). In Europe, net sales were ¥4,212 million (down 56.5% year-on-year) and the operating loss was ¥78 million (operating income of ¥184 million for the same prior year period). In Asia, net sales were ¥1,115 million (up 52.1% year-on-year) and operating income was ¥244 million (up 666.4% year-on-year).

The above amounts do not include consumption taxes.

2. Qualitative Information on the Consolidated Financial Position

Total assets at the end of the second quarter was ¥194,481 million, a decrease of ¥2,316 million compared with the end of the prior consolidated fiscal year.

Liabilities were ¥45,798 million, a decrease of ¥3,822 million compared with the end of the prior consolidated fiscal year.

Net assets of the Group were ¥148,682 million, an increase of ¥1,506 million compared with the end of the prior consolidated fiscal year.

Net cash provided by operating activities was ¥8,459 million, primarily due to income before income taxes (¥3,653 million), depreciation and amortization (¥3,851 million) and income tax refunds (¥2,044 million).

Net cash provided by investing activities was ¥3,273 million, primarily due to proceeds from sales and redemptions of investment securities (¥5,037 million) offset by disbursements for purchases of property, plant and equipment (¥2,643 million). The purchased property, plant and equipment primarily consisted of molds and tools related to the manufacturing of products. Net cash used in financing activities was ¥1,761 million, primarily due to dividend payments of ¥1,023 million. As a result, cash and cash equivalents as of the end of this quarter were 53,699 million, an increase of ¥7,029 million compared to the same prior year quarter end, and an increase of ¥10,701 million compared to the prior consolidated fiscal year end.

3. Qualitative Information on the Consolidated Financial Forecast

The severe economic environment is forecasted to continue as a result of the economic slump brought about by the worldwide financial crisis, leading to a cautious stance on the part of financial institutions and others regarding capital investment, and the impact to the Group's primary market is a situation of concern.

Taking into account such circumstances, the Group announced on October 30, 2009, the below revision to the consolidated financial forecast for this fiscal year originally announced on May 13, 2009.

Consolidated financial forecast for the year ending March 31, 2010 (millions of yen)

	Net sales	Operating income	Ordinary income	Net income
	(millions of yen)	(millions of yen)	(millions of yen)	(millions of yen)
Original Forecast (A) (announced on May 13, 2009)	140,000	7,500	7,500	4,500
Revised Forecast (B) (announced on October 30, 2009)	130,000	6,000	7,500	4,500
Increase or decrease (B-A)	−10,000	−1,500	—	—
Percentage of increase or decrease (%)	−7.1	−20.0	—	—

4. Other Information

(1) Changes in significant subsidiaries during the period (changes in specified subsidiaries involving a change in the scope of consolidation):

None

(2) Adoption of simplified accounting methods and accounting methods specific to preparation of the quarterly consolidated financial statements.

(i) Simplified accounting methods

1) Calculation method for estimating bad debt of general receivables

The bad debt ratio at the end of this second quarter was recognized not to differ significantly from the ratio calculated at the end of the prior fiscal year. Accordingly, the estimated bad debt amount for the quarter was calculated using the historical rate of bad debt at the end of the prior fiscal year.

2) Inventory valuation method

A physical inventory count was omitted at the end of this second quarter. Inventories were primarily calculated using a rational method based on the physical inventory count at the end of the prior fiscal year.

As for write-downs of inventory carrying values, net sales values were estimated and carrying values written down, only for inventories clearly having decreased profitability.

3) Calculation method for deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities

For assessment of the recoverability of deferred tax assets, no significant changes in the business environment and the status of temporary differences, etc. were deemed to have occurred and accordingly, the projections of future financial results and tax planning used at the end of the prior fiscal year were utilized.

(ii) Accounting methods specific to preparation of the quarterly consolidated financial statements

Tax expense is calculated by rationally estimating the effective tax rate after application of tax-effect accounting to income before income taxes for the consolidated fiscal year including this cumulative second quarter, and then multiplying the income before income taxes for the second quarter by the estimated effective tax rate.

Deferred income taxes are included and presented in “income taxes.”

(3) Changes in accounting principles, procedures, presentation methods, etc. for preparation of the quarterly consolidated financial statements

Application of Accounting Standard for Construction Contracts, etc.

Beginning with this first quarter, the Accounting Standard for Construction Contracts (ASBJ Statement No. 15, December 27, 2007) and Guidance on Accounting Standard for Construction Contracts (ASBJ Guidance No. 18, December 27, 2007) were applied.

There was no impact on sales and income as a result of this application.

5. Quarterly Consolidated Financial Statements

(1) Quarterly Consolidated Balance Sheets

(Millions of yen)

	Current Second Quarter (As of September 30, 2009)	Prior Fiscal Year (As of March 31, 2009) (Condensed)
ASSETS		
CURRENT ASSETS:		
Cash and deposits	42,548	40,609
Notes and accounts receivable-trade	28,735	31,534
Short-term investment securities	16,508	13,188
Merchandise and finished goods	13,081	14,380
Work in process	6,060	4,911
Raw materials and supplies	5,111	4,998
Other	10,025	12,937
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(405)	(592)
Total current assets	121,666	121,968
NONCURRENT ASSETS:		
PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT:		
Net property, plant and equipment	37,336	37,478
INTANGIBLE ASSETS:		
Goodwill	3,108	3,535
Other	3,517	3,886
Total intangible assets	6,625	7,421
INVESTMENTS AND OTHER ASSETS:		
Investment securities	14,927	15,569
Other	16,390	16,804
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(2,464)	(2,444)
Total investment and other assets	28,853	29,929
Total noncurrent assets	72,815	74,829
TOTAL ASSETS	194,481	196,797

(Millions of yen)

	Current Second Quarter (As of September 30, 2009)	Prior Fiscal Year (As of March 31, 2009) (Condensed)
LIABILITIES		
CURRENT LIABILITIES:		
Notes and accounts payable-trade	11,849	15,138
Short-term loans payable	11,183	11,872
Income taxes payable	929	246
Provision for bonuses	3,423	3,552
Other	10,111	10,985
Total current liabilities	37,498	41,796
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES:		
Provision for retirement benefits	3,056	2,960
Other	5,243	4,864
Total noncurrent liabilities	8,300	7,825
TOTAL LIABILITIES	45,798	49,621
NET ASSETS:		
Shareholders' equity:		
Capital stock	12,892	12,892
Capital surplus	20,629	20,629
Retained earnings	118,819	117,068
Treasury stock	(2,951)	(2,951)
Total shareholders' equity	149,390	147,640
VALUATION AND TRANSLATION ADJUSTMENTS：		
Valuation difference on available-for-sale securities	(178)	(12)
Foreign currency translation adjustments	(529)	(451)
Total valuation and translation adjustments	(707)	(463)
TOTAL NET ASSETS	148,682	147,176
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	194,481	196,797

(2) Quarterly Consolidated Statements of Income
Six months ended September 30, 2009

(Millions of yen)

	Six months ended September 30, 2008 (April 1, 2008 to September 30, 2008)	Six months ended September 30, 2009 (April 1, 2009 to September 30, 2009)
NET SALES	74,822	64,139
COST OF SALES	46,470	41,902
Gross profit	28,352	22,237
SELLING, GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES	21,504	19,594
Operating income	6,848	2,643
NON-OPERATING INCOME:		
Interest income	272	188
Dividend income	237	194
Insurance return	—	486
Other	319	434
Non-operating income-net	829	1,304
NON-OPERATING EXPENSES:		
Interest expense	161	106
Foreign exchange losses	197	—
Other	72	73
Non-operating expenses-net	431	180
Ordinary income	7,246	3,767
EXTRAORDINARY INCOME:		
Reversal of allowance for doubtful accounts	29	97
Gain on sale of investment securities	—	232
Other	14	86
Total extraordinary income	43	416
EXTRAORDINARY LOSS:		
Loss on retirement of noncurrent assets	144	160
Loss on valuation of investment securities	186	153
Other	20	215
Total extraordinary loss	351	529
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES	6,938	3,653
INCOME TAXES	2,236	1,430
MINORITY INTERESTS IN INCOME	40	—
NET INCOME FOR THE PERIOD	4,661	2,223

(3) Quarterly Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

(Millions of yen)

	Six months ended September 30, 2008 (April 1, 2008 to September 30, 2008)	Six months ended September 30, 2009 (April 1, 2009 to September 30, 2009)
OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Income before income taxes and minority interests	6,938	3,653
Depreciation and amortization	3,408	3,851
Interest and dividend income	(509)	(383)
Interest expense	161	106
Increase (decrease) in provision for bonuses	(1,334)	(122)
Decrease (increase) in notes and accounts receivable-trade	45	2,940
Decrease (increase) in inventories	(1,717)	571
Increase (decrease) in notes and accounts payable-trade	(1,590)	(3,781)
Other	(5,715)	(707)
Subtotal	(313)	6,130
Interest and dividend income received	509	388
Interest expense paid	(161)	(103)
Income taxes (paid) refund	(5,550)	2,044
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	(5,515)	8,459
INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Payments into time deposits	—	(285)
Proceeds from withdrawal of time deposits	—	1,852
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(2,703)	(2,643)
Purchase of intangible assets	(894)	(171)
Purchase of investment securities	(418)	(604)
Proceeds from sales and redemption of investment securities	—	5,037
Purchase of investments in subsidiaries resulting in change in scope of consolidation	(4,215)	—
Purchase of investments in subsidiaries	(613)	—
Purchase of assigned receivables	(1,820)	—
Other	(946)	87
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(11,611)	3,273
FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Net increase (decrease) in short-term loans payable	(132)	(422)
Repayments of long-term debt	(354)	(314)
Cash dividends paid	(1,861)	(1,023)
Other	—	(0)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(2,348)	(1,761)

(Millions of yen)

	Six months ended September 30, 2008 (April 1, 2008 to September 30, 2008)	Six months ended September 30, 2009 (April 1, 2009 to September 30, 2009)
EFFECT OF EXCHANGE RATE CHANGE ON CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	35	80
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(19,441)	10,052
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF PERIOD	66,111	42,998
INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS FROM NEWLY CONSOLIDATED SUBSIDIARIES	—	648
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF PERIOD	46,670	53,699

(4) Notes relating to assumption as a going concern

Not applicable.

(5) Segment information

[Business segment information]

Six months ended September 30, 2008 (April 1, 2008 to September 30, 2008)

(Millions of yen)

	Money handling machines and cash management systems	Vending machines and automatic service equipment	Other goods and products	Total	Eliminations / Corporate	Consolidated
Net sales (1) Sales to external customers	44,997	18,284	11,540	74,822	—	74,822
(2) Intersegment sales or transfers	—	—	2,761	2,761	(2,761)	—
Total	44,997	18,284	14,302	77,584	(2,761)	74,822
Operating income	4,954	956	967	6,878	(29)	6.848

Six months ended September 30, 2009 (April 1, 2009 to September 30, 2009)

(Millions of yen)

	Money handling machines and cash management systems	Vending machines and automatic service equipment	Other goods and products	Total	Eliminations / Corporate	Consolidated
Net sales (1) Sales to external customers	37,665	17,599	8,875	64,139	—	64,139
(2) Intersegment sales or transfers	—	—	2,427	2,427	(2,427)	—
Total	37,665	17,599	11,302	66,567	(2,427)	64,139
Operating income	636	1,628	348	2,614	28	2,643

Notes: 1. Business segments are classified by the functional nature of the goods and products.

2. Primary merchandise and finished goods for the respective business segments are as follows.

Money handling machines and cash management systems:

Open teller systems, coin wrapping machines, banknote/coin depositing and dispensing machines, automatic deposit machines, cash recyclers for cashiers, banknote depositing machines, banknote depositing units, banknote sorting machines, banknote depositing and dispensing machines, IC card cafeteria systems, medical payment kiosks, automated ballot counting machines for handwritten ballots

Vending machines and automatic service equipment:

Cigarette vending machines, coin-operated lockers, ticket vending machines, prepaid card vending machines, pachinko prize dispensing machines, pachinko ball/token dispensing machines, pachinko ball/token counting machines, banknote exchange machines, customer management systems for pachinko parlors, self-service contract machines

Other goods and products:

Automatic accepting systems for bank counters, interest-rate display boards, key box systems, other maintenance parts

3. Changes in accounting policies

(Six months ended September 30, 2008)

Accounting Standard for Measurement of Inventories

As stated in "4. Other Information" (3) of [Qualitative Information and Financial Statements, etc.] of the "Consolidated Financial Results for the Second Quarter of the Fiscal Year Ended March 31, 2009," the "Accounting Standard for Measurement of Inventories" (ASBJ Statement No. 9, July 5, 2006) was applied beginning in the first quarter ended June 30, 2008.

As a result of this change, compared with the hypothetical use of the previous method, operating income decreased by ¥396 million for "money handling machines and cash management systems," by ¥108 million for "vending machines and automatic service equipment," and by ¥44 million for "other goods and products," respectively.

4. Additional information

(Six months ended September 30, 2008)

Change of useful lives of property, plant and equipment

The useful lives of machinery of the Company and its domestic consolidated subsidiaries previously ranged from 4 to 12 years. Beginning in the first quarter ended June 30, 2008, these lives were changed to a range of 7 to 10 years, as a result of reviews of asset usage status, etc., based on revisions of the Corporation Tax Law in FY2008.

As a result of this change, operating income decreased by ¥34 million for “money handling machines and cash management systems,” by ¥49 million for “vending machines and automatic service equipment,” and by ¥0 million for “other goods and products,” respectively.

[Geographic segment information]

Six months ended September 30, 2008 (April 1, 2008 to September 30, 2008)

(Millions of yen)

	Japan	Americas	Europe	Asia/Oceania	Total	Eliminations / Corporate	Consolidated
Net sales (1) Sales to external customers	61,086	3,327	9,675	733	74,822	—	74,822
(2) Intersegment sales or transfers	12,104	0	1	383	12,490	(12,490)	—
Total	73,190	3,328	9,676	1,117	87,312	(12,490)	74,822
Operating income	6,464	167	184	31	6,848	—	6,848

Six months ended September 30, 2009 (April 1, 2009 to September 30, 2009

(Millions of yen)

	Japan	Americas	Europe	Asia/Oceania	Total	Eliminations / Corporate	Consolidated
Net sales (1) Sales to external customers	56,761	2,049	4,212	1,115	64,139	—	64,139
(2) Intersegment sales or transfers	2,613	0	6	1,144	3,764	(3,764)	—
Total	59,374	2,050	4,218	2,260	67,904	(3,764)	64,139
Operating income (or operating loss)	2,564	(87)	(78)	244	2,643	—	2,643

Notes: 1. Countries and regions are classified by geographic proximity.

2. Major countries and regions affiliated with the respective segments

Americas	United States, Canada, Central and South American countries
Europe	European countries, Middle-eastern and African countries
Asia/Oceania	East Asian and Southeast Asian countries, Oceania countries

[Overseas sales]

Six months ended September 30, 2008 (April 1, 2008 to September 30, 2008)

(Millions of yen)

	Americas	Europe	Asia/Oceania	Total
Ⅰ Overseas sales	5,588	10,727	1,698	18,014
Ⅱ Consolidated net sales				74,822
Ⅲ Overseas sales as a percentage of consolidated net sales (%)	7.5	14.3	2.3	24.1

Six months ended September 30, 2009 (April 1, 2009 to September 30, 2009)

(Millions of yen)

	Americas	Europe	Asia/Oceania	Total
Ⅰ Overseas sales	3,844	7,229	1,988	13,062
Ⅱ Consolidated net sales				64,139
Ⅲ Overseas sales as a percentage of consolidated net sales (%)	6.0	11.3	3.1	20.4

Notes: 1. Countries and regions are classified by geographic proximity.

2. Major countries and regions classified in each segment

Americas	United States, Canada, Central and South American countries
Europe	European countries, Middle-eastern and African countries
Asia/Oceania	East Asian and Southeast Asian countries, Oceania countries

3. "Overseas sales" are net sales by the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries in countries or regions other than Japan.

(6) Note for significant change in the amount of shareholders' equity

Not applicable.